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## UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

## AUG 12 1986

OFFICE OF
PESTICIDES AND TOXIC SUBSTANCES

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: Fulfillment of the rabbit teratology requirement.

EPA ID #038501; Caswell #398; Tox Branch Project #1303.

TO:

Geraldine W. Werdig

Chief, Data Call-In Program

Registration Division (TS-767C)

FROM:

Stephen C. Dapson, Ph.D.

Pharmacologist, Review Section V

Toxicology Branch/HED (TS-769C)

THRU:

Laurence D. Chitlik, D.A.B.T.

Section Head, Review Section V

Toxicology Branch/HED (TS-769C)

and

Theodore M. Farber, Ph.D., D.A.B.T.

Chief, Toxicology Branch

Hazard Evaluation Division (TS-769C)

Chemical: Diphenylamine (also known as BIG DIPPER, NO SCALD,

scaldip, N-phenyl-benzenamine) CAS Registry Number 122-39-4 Molecular Formula - C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N

Registrant: Shield-Brite Corporation

P.O. Box 519

Kirkland, Washington 98033

Action Requested: "Would the attached reference to the rabbit

teratology study fulfill the rabbit teratology

requirement."

Recommendation: A simple reference to a study (supplied by the registrant) is not sufficient to fulfill the rabbit teratology study requirement. Furthermore, published papers rarely contain sufficient detail for a thorough evaluation of study quality and results. Therefore, the referenced study must be submitted to the Toxicology Branch for review before a decision can be made as to fufillment of the requirement.

Background: The registrant submitted the following reference in response to a Data Call-In Notice for Diphenylamine (6/6/84) for a "teratology study in one species other than rats":

Edwards, J.A., Leeming, N.M., Clark, R., and Offer, J.M. (1983). "Effect of diphenylamine on pregnancy of the New Zealand white rabbit" conducted at Huntington, U.K., Huntington Research Centre, submitted to the World Health Organization (and also to the EPA) by Pennwalt Corporation, U.S.A.

This was published in:

World Health Organization/Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations "Plant Production and Protection" Paper #62 (1984)..

The registrant also presented the following results:

"Diphenylamine of 99.9% purity was not teratogenic to New Zealand white rabbits at doses up to and including 300 mg/kg bw/day, and was not mutagenic."